

 #IASLCUPDATES

Iniciativa científica de:



LUNG CANCER UPDATES

IASLC HIGHLIGHTS

7-10 DE SEPTIEMBRE 2019



Con la colaboración de:



illumina®

Lilly

LUNG CANCER
UPDATES
IASLC HIGHLIGHTS
7-10 DE SEPTIEMBRE 2019

Iniciativa científica de:



BARCELONA

Cirugía IV

Dr. Florentino Hernando Tranco

Con la colaboración de:



Iniciativa científica de:



BARCELONA

Radicality of Lymphadenectomy in Lung Cancer According to Surgical Approach. Results from the Spanish Group of Video-Assisted Thoracic Surgery

C. Obiols, S. Call, R. Rami-Porta, A. Jaen, D. Gomez de Antonio,
S. Crowley, I. Royo, R. Embún.

Carme Obiols, MD, PhD, FEBTS

Hospital Universitari Mútua Terrassa
Barcelona, Spain

Con la colaboración de:



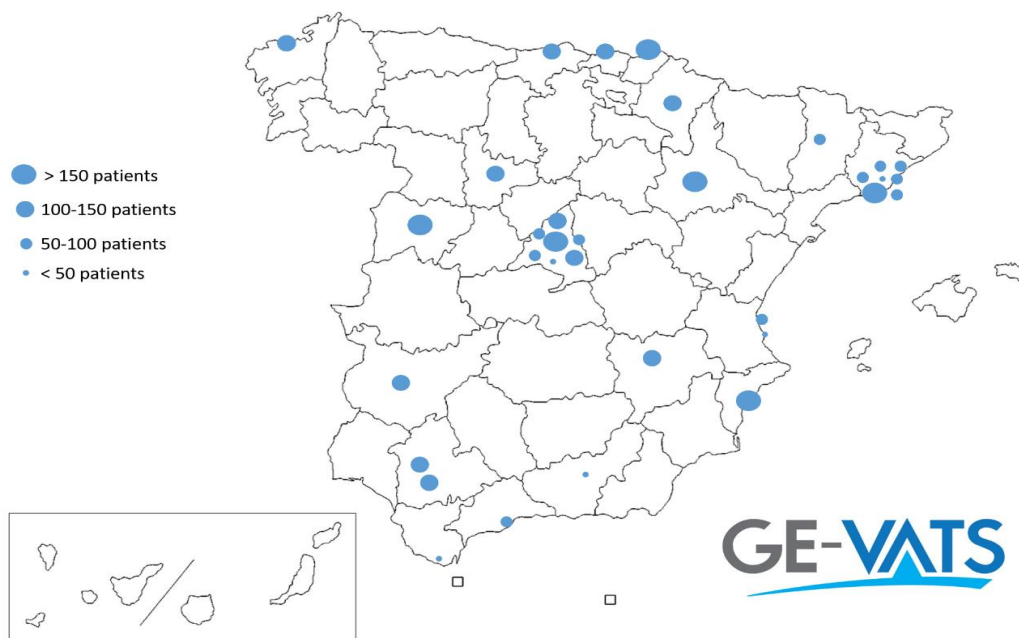
Bristol-Myers Squibb

illumina

Lilly

OBJECTIVE

To analyse differences in **intraoperative lymph node assessment** in patients with surgically treated NSCLC according to **surgical approach** (VATS vs open), from the results of the Spanish Group of Video-Assisted Thoracic Surgery (GEVATS) database.



33 Hospitals

Prospective



20/12/16 – 20/3/18
(15 months)

Anatomic pulmonary
resections
n= 3533

EXCLUSIONS

- Other indications (n=448)
- Previous lung cancer (n=130)
- Synchronous tumors (190)
- Induction therapy (230)
- Other approaches (n=3)

Subgroup of study
n= 2532

General characteristics

n= 2532

Men: 1801 (71.1%)

Median age: 67 years (25%-75% IQR: 60-73)

Approach:

- Thoracotomy: 1097 (43.3%)
- VATS: 1435 (56.7%)

Lymphadenectomy:

- SND 65%
- Median of LN: 7 (IQR 25%-75%: 4-12)
- **pN1**: 12.5%; **pN2**: 9.5%

Radicality of lymphadenectomy:

THORACOTOMY > VATS



↑ SND
↑ % N1p
↑ % N2p
↑ Mediastinal upstaging

Independently from...

- Tumour size
- Centrality
- Invasive staging

Intraoperative LN evaluation performed at VATS should improve...

✓ **Prognosis information**

✓ **Indicate adjuvant therapy**

**LUNG CANCER
UPDATES**
IASLC HIGHLIGHTS
7-10 DE SEPTIEMBRE 2019

Iniciativa científica de:



BARCELONA

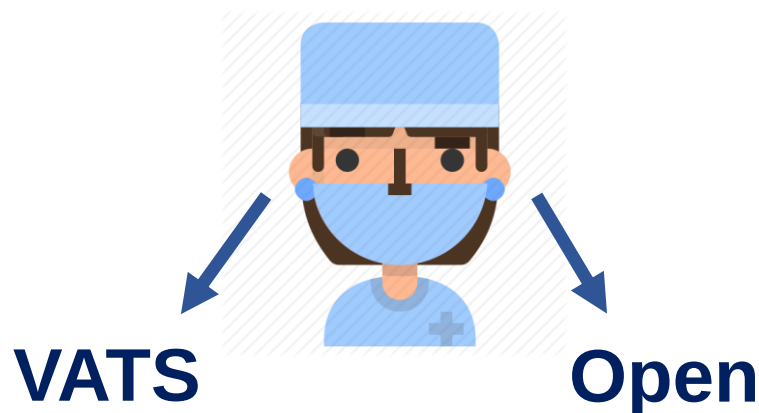
VIOLET Trial

PL02.06 - In Hospital Clinical Efficacy, Safety and Oncologic Outcomes from VIOLET: A UK Multi-Centre RCT of VATS Versus Open Lobectomy for Lung Cancer (ID 1257)

08:55 - 09:05 | Presenting Author(s): [Eric Lim](#) | Author(s): [Tim Batchelor](#), [Joel Dunning](#), [Michael Shackcloth](#), [Vladimir Anikin](#), [Babu Naidu](#), [Elizabeth Belcher](#), [Mahmoud Loubani](#), [Vipin Zamvar](#), [Tim Brush](#), [Lucy Dabner](#), [Rosie Harris](#), [Dawn Phillips](#), [Chloe Beard](#), [Holly McKeon](#), [Sangeetha Paramasivan](#), [Daisy Elliott](#), [Alba Realpe Rojas](#), [Elizabeth Stokes](#), [Sarah Wordsworth](#), [Jane Blazeby](#), [Chris Rogers](#), [T Violet Trialists](#)

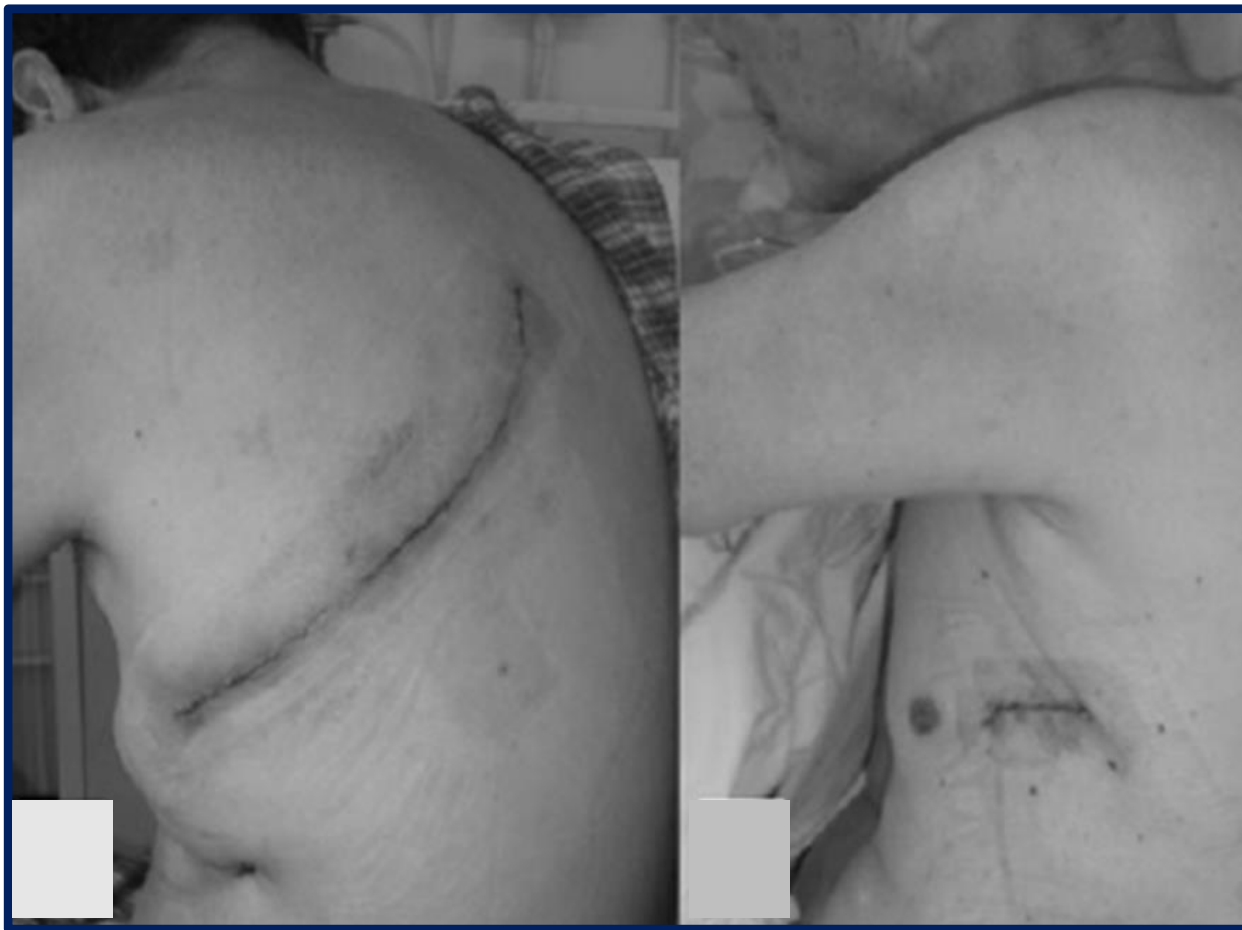
Con la colaboración de:





Stratified by surgeon

Reduce management variation b/w procedures
Allow each surgeon to act as their own internal control
Reduced impact of surgeon-specific factors



Jessica Donington, University of Chicago, USA, Comments on VIOLET Trial

Iniciativa científica de:

Take Home Message from VIOLET

- Well executed multi-institutional prospective RCT
- VATS was associated w/
 - less toxicity
 - decreased pain
 - equivalent oncologic resection
- Investigators commended on
 - recruitment approach
 - randomization strategy
 - sophisticated pain analysis



Iniciativa científica de:



BARCELONA

The Concept of Complete Resection

Mr John G Edwards

Consultant Thoracic Surgeon

Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Sheffield, United Kingdom

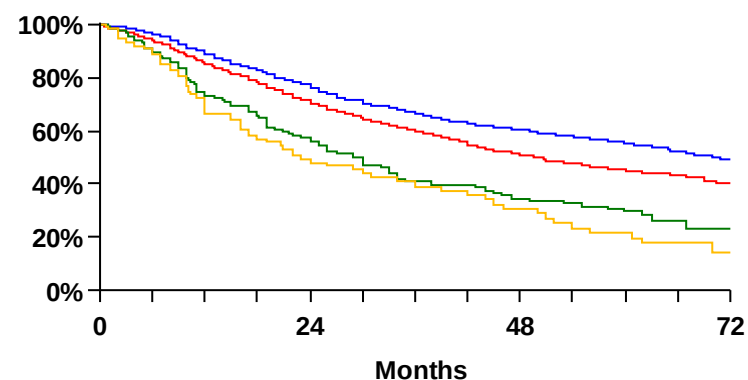
Con la colaboración de:



Reason for assignment to R(un)	N	%
Highest <i>station</i> positive	320	2.2%
Pleural Lavage positive	38	0.3%
Bronchial <i>carcinoma in situ</i>	0	
ANY of : <3 N1 nodes; <3 N2 nodes; no Station 7 nodes; no Systematic Lymph Node Dissection; no Lobe Specific – Systematic Lymph Node Dissection	7,840	53.3%

	Conventional R Status N (%)	Proposed R Status N (%)	R Status Category change (Δ N)
R0	14,293 (97.1%)	6,103 (41.5%)	- 8,190
R(un)	N/A	8,203 (55.8%)	+ 8,203
R1	263 (1.8%)	250 (1.7%)	-13
R2	156 (1.1%)	156	0
TOTAL	14,712	14,712	0

Survival according to R status in N+ Cases



R Status	N	Median Survival	5 Years	HR	p
R0	1413	70.0	55%	1	
R(un)	1811	50.0	45%	1.27	<0.0001
R1	168	30.0	30%	2.13	<0.0001
R2	102	23.0	22%	2.56	0.25



Iniciativa científica de:



BARCELONA

MS 06 04: Approaches to Overcoming the Nodal Staging Quality Gap

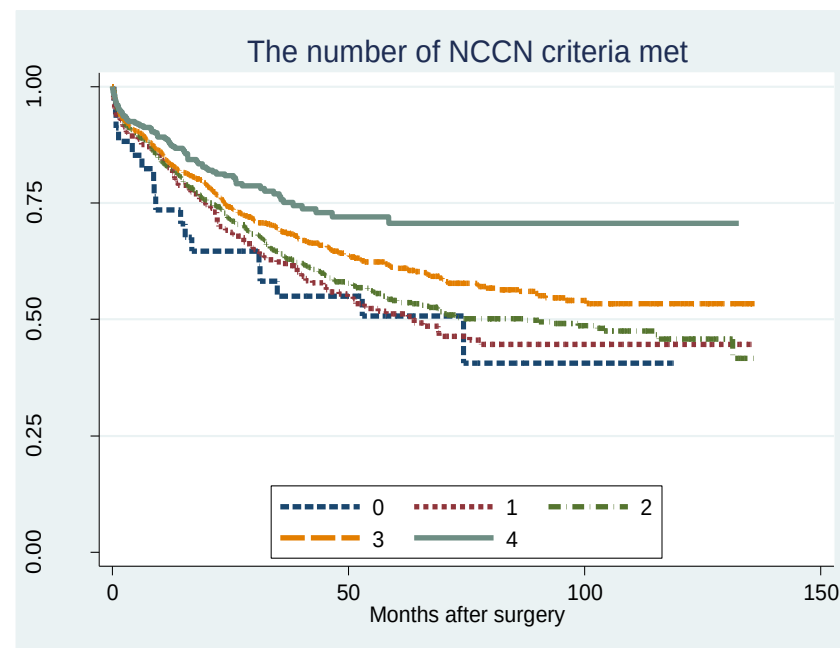
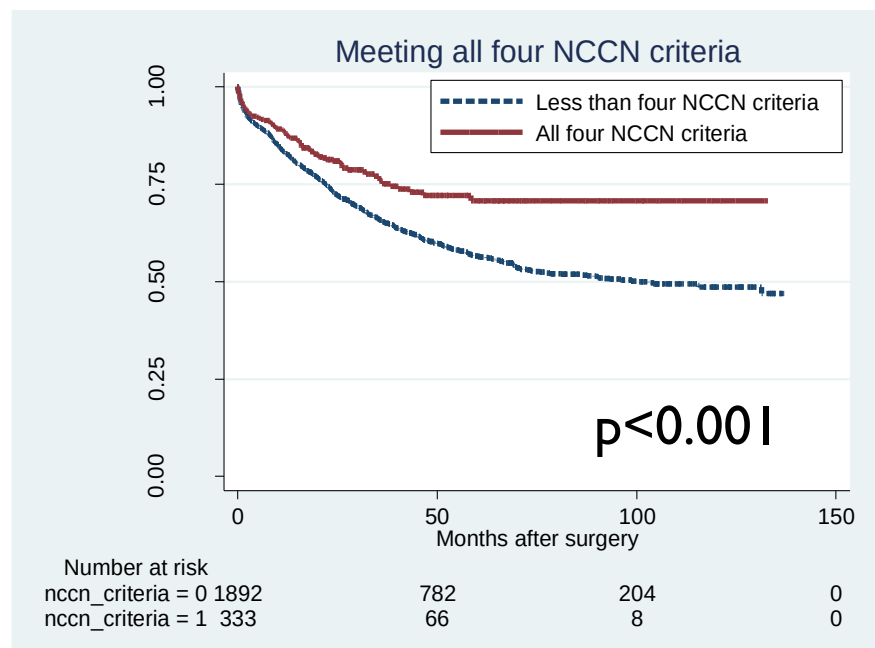
Ray U. Osarogiagbon, MBBS

Multidisciplinary Thoracic Oncology Program and Thoracic Oncology Research Group

Baptist Cancer Center, Memphis, TN. USA

Con la colaboración de:

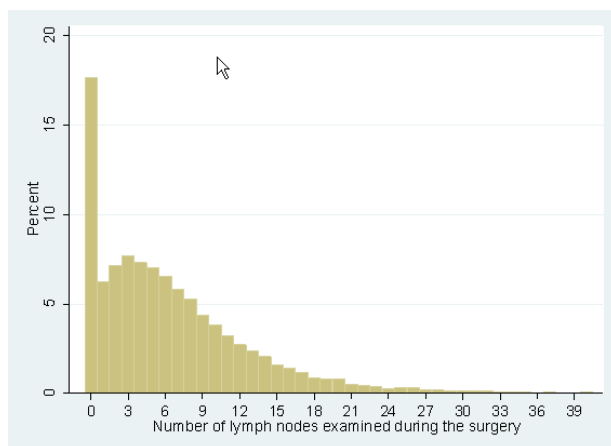




Adjusted hazard ratio of meeting all four criteria: 0.64 (0.50-0.80)

Causes of the gap: The 'chain of responsibility' conceptual model

Lymph Nodes Examined in 'Node Negative' NSCLC Resections: SEER 1998-2009



Osarogiagbon and Yu. Ann Thorac Surg 2013;96:1178-89

Where the lymph nodes are...

